Nature: Impact of Humans on Nature NPSNZ Instructions for Honours Submission

1. Aims and requirements

The aim of nature photography is to sensitise the viewer to the natural world, to be thought provoking, and to elicit an emotional response from the viewer. Nature photography should reveal and champion the diversity of life on earth. NPSNZ challenges its Honours applicants to produce a set of images that meets these goals.

A set of images submitted for NPSNZ Honours must contain images of an appropriate standard for each level of Honours (L, A, F). However, the images must work together to form a portfolio of work in which the set as a whole has greater value than that of the sum of the individual images.

Sets of images may be submitted as either prints or digital images.

Prints must be mounted, with a maximum size of 500 x 400 mm. Please include a diagram of the layout you wish to be used to display your prints.

Digital projected images must be JPEGs, using sRGB colour space.

- Images with a landscape orientation to have a maximum of 1620 pixels on the horizontal side (long side) and maximum of 1080 pixels on the vertical (height);
- Images with a portrait orientation to have a maximum of 1080 pixels on the vertical side and:
- Images with a square orientation to have a maximum of 1080 pixels on all sides.

Include a strip showing thumbnails of the images. This is used by the judges to check flow through the entire set and ensures images are projected in the correct order.

In all categories subjects must be out of doors, with the sole exception of microscopic photography.

2. Nature: Impact of Humans on Nature

Sets of images must represent the influence of humans on nature or a natural process or activity.

This category is intended to promote photojournalism as it relates to natural subjects.

- Images and sets should **tell a story** that describes the impacts of humans on nature or natural processes.
- The inclusion of human elements is expected and a strong interaction with nature or a natural process must be demonstrated.
- Except for cropping the image content should not be changed.
- Manipulations, either in or out of camera are limited to those that enhance

the original capture to make it more accurately reflect what the photographer saw at the time.

3. Ethics of obtaining the Image

Extreme care should be taken not to disturb wildlife subjects by approaching too closely, making undue noise, or by any other activity likely to adversely affect the subject. If any method of baiting or manipulation of the subject is used, this should not harm the subject Excessive trampling and 'gardening' should be avoided in obtaining images of plants and fungi, especially if they are rare in the wild.

4. Integrity of Images

In order to verify the integrity of any image submitted in any category, the original (out of camera) image should be made available if requested by the Chairman of the Honours Board.

5. Titles

Titles must include the subject's correct common and/or scientific name, as appropriate. 'Cute' names, with anthropomorphic connotations, are not acceptable in this category.

6. NPSNZ Honours: Supplementary Information for Applicants, Notes and Examples

For each of the three levels of Honours (L, A and F) a set of images is required. From the submitted set, the Honours Board must be able to assess the applicant's level of skill in using the camera, in post processing, and in the presentation of the images.

The emphasis is on the set, rather than on the individual images, so it may be better to leave out an excellent image if it does not fit well with other images in the set. A set of prints must be arranged symmetrically, and in a pleasing way so that the eye moves smoothly from one to the next, and rests comfortably on the final image. A set of projected images must also flow well from one to the next, and rest comfortably on the final image. The completed set must provide a pleasing demonstration of both technical skill and artistry.

- This category lends itself well to producing a set that tells a story. There is scope for an L candidate to demonstrate a range of skills and an F candidate to produce a well crafted, cohesive set.
- Examples of human impacts can be positive or negative.
- A positive impact story might depict artificial rearing in captivity and release into the wild of a rare bird, such as the black stilt.
- A negative impact story might be the effect of predators such as cats on skinks, or of dogs and people disturbing nesting birds. Protection for nesting birds could be included to complete the story.

Examples of **natural processes** might include erosion and fire. Examples of **natural activities** might include a ladybird feeding on an aphid, birds building a

nest, and polar bears fishing.

Techniques

- We have resisted specifying a list of acceptable techniques because photography is changing so rapidly that anything we specify is likely to become out of date in a relatively short time.
- Accurate depiction of the subject is paramount, and therefore
 manipulation must be limited. Besides cropping, techniques to correct
 colour, contrast, etc., are acceptable, provided they serve to more
 accurately reflect what the photographer saw at the time. These
 manipulations may be carried out in the camera or in post-production.
- Monochrome is acceptable.
- Sets must flow and have cohesion.

Application Form

Description or Interpretation of Set of Images

The Honours Board appreciates knowing how the applicant expects his or her work to be interpreted, and invites all applicants to submit a brief (maximum of 150 words) description of the concept or story behind the set of images. This is **compulsory for those submitting a set for their Fellowship**, and recommended for those applying for an L or an A.